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KIR3DL1 Polyclonal Antibody

Cat #: G-AB-06680

Host: Rabbit **Reactivity:** Human

Isotype: IgG **Clonality:** Polyclonal

Overview:
Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several "framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DP1, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic domain lack the ITIM motif and instead associate with the TYRO protein tyrosine kinase binding protein to transduce activating signals. The ligands for several KIR proteins are subsets of HLA class I molecules; thus, KIR proteins are thought to play an important role in regulation of the immune response.

Gene ID:

Accession #: BC028206

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human KIR3DL1

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Swissprot: P43629

Calculated Molecular Weight: 49 kDa

Observed Molecular Weight: Refer to figures

Concentration: 1.86 mg/mL

Buffer: PBS with 0.05% NaN3 and 40% Glycerol, pH7.4

Purification Method: Antigen affinity purification

Application: WB,IHC,ELISA

Dilution: WB 1:1000-1:5000, IHC 1:50-1:300, ELISA 1:5000-1:10000

Storage: Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.