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MRPL40 Polyclonal Antibody

Cat #: G-AB-06809

Host: Rabbit **Reactivity:** Human

Isotype: IgG **Clonality:** Polyclonal

Overview:
Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein. Deletions in this gene may contribute to the etiology of velo-cardio-facial syndrome and DiGeorge syndrome.MRPL40 (Mitochondrial Ribosomal Protein L40) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with MRPL40 include Mrpl40-Related Disorder and Velocardiofacial Syndrome. Among its related pathways are Mitochondrial translation and Organelle biogenesis and maintenance. GO annotations related to this

Gene ID:

Accession #: BC009707

Immunogen: Fusion protein of human MRPL40

Conjugation: Unconjugated

Swissprot: Q9NQ50

Calculated Molecular Weight:

Observed Molecular Weight:

Concentration: 0.78 mg/mL

Buffer: PBS with 0.05% NaN3 and 40% Glycerol, pH7.4

Purification Method: Antigen affinity purification

Application: IHC,ELISA

Dilution: IHC 1:50-1:200, ELISA 1:5000-1:10000

Storage: Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.